

EXPONENTIAL OF A 2x2 MATRIX

$$e^M = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{M^k}{k!}$$

$$M^0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad M = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad M^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 13 & 12 \\ 12 & 13 \end{pmatrix} \quad M^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 62 & 63 \\ 63 & 62 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$e^{\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 13 & 12 \\ 12 & 13 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{6} \begin{pmatrix} 62 & 63 \\ 63 & 62 \end{pmatrix} + \dots$$

$$\frac{1}{5!} M^5 = \frac{1}{120} \begin{pmatrix} 1562 & 1563 \\ 1563 & 1562 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 13.017 & 13.025 \\ 13.025 & 13.017 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{10!} M^{10} = \frac{1}{3628800} \begin{pmatrix} 4892813 & 4892812 \\ 4892812 & 4892813 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1.346 & 1.346 \\ 1.346 & 1.346 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^m \frac{M^k}{k!}$$

$$m=5 \begin{pmatrix} 45.89 & 45.52 \\ 45.52 & 45.89 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m=6 \begin{pmatrix} 56.74 & 56.38 \\ 56.38 & 56.74 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m=7 \begin{pmatrix} 64.49 & 64.13 \\ 64.13 & 64.49 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m=8 \begin{pmatrix} 69.34 & 68.97 \\ 68.97 & 69.34 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m=9 \begin{pmatrix} 72.03 & 71.66 \\ 71.66 & 72.03 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m=10 \begin{pmatrix} 73.37 & 73.01 \\ 73.01 & 73.37 \end{pmatrix}$$

TWO POSSIBILITIES FOR THE EIGENVALUES OF A 2x2 MATRIX

(1) $\lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2$

(2) $\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \lambda$

(1) $M = SDS^{-1} \quad D = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix}$ **DIAGONAL FORM**

(2) $M = SJS^{-1} \quad J = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda & 1 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{pmatrix}$ **JORDAN FORM**

$W = \{D, J\} \quad M = SWS^{-1} \quad M^2 = SWS^{-1}SWS^{-1} = SW^2S^{-1}$

$$e^M = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(SWS^{-1})^k}{k!} = S \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{W^k}{k!} S^{-1} = S e^W S^{-1}$$

$$e^D = \mathbb{1} + D + \frac{D^2}{2!} + \frac{D^3}{3!} + \dots = \begin{pmatrix} e^{\lambda_1} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{\lambda_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$e^J = \mathbb{1} + J + \frac{J^2}{2!} + \frac{J^3}{3!} + \dots = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \lambda & 1 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2!} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^2 & 2\lambda \\ 0 & \lambda^2 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{3!} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^3 & 3\lambda^2 \\ 0 & \lambda^3 \end{pmatrix} + \dots$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} e^{\lambda} & e^{\lambda} \\ 0 & e^{\lambda} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{\lambda}$$

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \det(M - \lambda \mathbb{1}) = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad (2 - \lambda)^2 - 9 = 0$$

$$2 - \lambda = \pm 3$$

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad M = SDS^{-1}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$MS = SD$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2a+3c & 2b+3d \\ 3a+2c & 3b+2d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -a & 5b \\ -c & 5d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3a+3c & -3b+3d \\ 3a+3c & 3b-3d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \rightarrow \quad \begin{matrix} a = -c \\ b = d \end{matrix}$$

$$c = d = 1 \quad \rightarrow \quad S = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \rightarrow \quad S^{-1} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\exp \left[\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \right] = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & e^5 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -1/e & e^5 \\ 1/e & e^5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} e^5 + \frac{1}{e} & e^5 - \frac{1}{e} \\ e^5 - \frac{1}{e} & e^5 + \frac{1}{e} \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 74.39 & 74.02 \\ 74.02 & 74.39 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{10} \frac{M^k}{k!} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 73.37 & 73.01 \\ 73.01 & 73.37 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2 - \lambda)^2 = 0 \quad \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = 2$$

$$e^M = S \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} S^{-1} e^2$$

$$MS = SJ \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2a & 2b \\ 3a+2c & 3b+2d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2a & a+2b \\ 2c & c+2d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -a \\ 3a & 3b-c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \rightarrow \quad \begin{matrix} a = 0 \\ c = 3b \end{matrix}$$

$$a=0, b=1, c=3b=3, d=0 \quad S = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow S^{-1} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \exp \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} e^2 \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \frac{e^2}{3} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 9 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \frac{e^2}{3} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} e^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(2-\lambda)^2 + 9 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 2 \pm 3i$$

$$MS = SD$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2+3i & 0 \\ 0 & 2-3i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2a-3c & 2b-3d \\ 3a+2c & 3b+2d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2a+3ia & 2b-3ib \\ 2c+3ic & 2d-3id \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -3c-3ia & -3d+3ib \\ 3a-3ic & 3b+3id \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a = ic$$

$$d = ib$$

$$c = b = 1 \Rightarrow a = d = i$$

$$S = \begin{pmatrix} i & 1 \\ 1 & i \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow S^{-1} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -i & 1 \\ 1 & -i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \exp \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} i & 1 \\ 1 & i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e^2 e^{3i} & 0 \\ 0 & e^2 e^{-3i} \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -i & 1 \\ 1 & -i \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} i & 1 \\ 1 & i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e^{3i} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-3i} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -i & 1 \\ 1 & -i \end{pmatrix} \frac{e^2}{2} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} i e^{3i} & e^{-3i} \\ e^{3i} & i e^{-3i} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -i & 1 \\ 1 & -i \end{pmatrix} \frac{e^2}{2} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} e^{3i} + e^{-3i} & i(e^{3i} - e^{-3i}) \\ -i(e^{3i} - e^{-3i}) & e^{3i} + e^{-3i} \end{bmatrix} \frac{e^2}{2} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \cos 3 & -\sin 3 \\ \sin 3 & \cos 3 \end{pmatrix} \frac{e^2}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\exp \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} e^5 + \frac{1}{e} & e^5 - \frac{1}{e} \\ e^5 - \frac{1}{e} & e^5 + \frac{1}{e} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\exp \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} e^2$$

$$\exp \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 3 & -\sin 3 \\ \sin 3 & \cos 3 \end{pmatrix} \frac{e^2}{2}$$

PREPARING EXERCISES

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & b \\ c & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

EIGENVALUES EQUATION

$$(2-\lambda)(4-\lambda) - bc = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 6\lambda + 8 - bc = 0$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = 3 \pm \sqrt{1+bc}$$

$$bc = 0 \quad \lambda_{1,2} = 3 \pm 1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$bc = 8 \quad \lambda_{1,2} = 3 \pm 3$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 8 \\ 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 8/3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$bc = -1 \quad \lambda_{1,2} = 3$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1/2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1/3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$bc = -2 \quad \lambda_{1,2} = 3 \pm i$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2/3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & b \\ c & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

EIGENVALUES EQUATION

$$(2+\lambda)(4+\lambda) - bc = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 + 6\lambda + 8 - bc = 0$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = -3 \pm \sqrt{1+bc}$$

$$bc = 0 \quad \lambda_{1,2} = -3 \pm 1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 1 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$bc = 8 \quad \lambda_{1,2} = -3 \pm 3$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 8 \\ 1 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 8/3 \\ 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$bc = -1 \quad \lambda_{1,2} = -3$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 1 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1/2 \\ 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1/3 \\ 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$bc = -2 \quad \lambda_{1,2} = -3 \pm i$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & -2 \\ 1 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -2/3 \\ 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$